DATE: 20.04.2020 DAY: MONDAY

   I.   A. i. Sentence
              Explanation: A sentence is a group of words which makes complete sense. Ex: Many
              people gather in the park for morning walk.

          B. iii. capital letter

   II.   A. iii. The teacher

              Explanation: Here, writing is the verb and the teacher is the doer of this

Action. So, the teacher is the subject.

          B. iv. New Delhi

              Explanation: In this sentence something is said about a particular place,

New Delhi. So, New Delhi is the subject.

          C. i. My grandmother

              Explanation: Here, gave is the verb grandmother is the doer of this

Action. So, my grandmother is the subject.

DATE: 21.04.2020 DAY: TUESDAY

   I.   A. Phrase
          Explanation: A phrase is a group of words which does not make a complete sense.

          B. Verb
          Explanation: A phrase needs a subject and a verb to complete the sense.

   II.   A. late for work

          B. outside of the temple gate

C. on time

DATE:22.04.2020 DAY: WEDNESDAY

I. 1.c. RPSQ
Explanation: In reordering questions the subject generally comes first. And rest of the things should be arranged in a meaningful way.
2.b. QRPS
Explanation: In reordering questions the subject generally comes first. And rest of the things should be arranged in a meaningful way.
3.d. PSQR
Explanation: In reordering questions the subject generally comes first. And rest of the things should be arranged in a meaningful way.
4.c. SRPQ
Explanation: In reordering questions the subject generally comes first. And rest of the things should be arranged in a meaningful way.
5.d. RSQP

Explanation: In reordering questions the subject generally comes first. And rest of the things should be arranged in a meaningful way.

DATE:23.04.2020 DAY: THURSDAY

I. a. iv. was wearing a blue frock
Explanation: Here, the pretty girl is subject. So, the remaining part will be the predicate.

b. iii. serves in army
Explanation: Here, my younger brother is subject. So, the remaining part will be the predicate.

II. a. ii. My mother and my aunt

Explanation: Here, we are talking about my mother and my aunt both. So, both

of them are subject here.

b. i. A rich merchant

Explanation: Here, passing is the verb and the merchant is the doer of this

Action. So, a rich merchant is the subject.

c. iv. The little tree

Explanation: Here, the statement is made about the little tree which is covered

with needles. So, the little tree is subject here.

DATE: 24.04.2020 DAY: FRIDAY

I. 1. D. Insects
Explanation: As it is mentioned in the first line, bees are insects.

2. C. Six
Explanation: As it is mentioned in the seventh line, they also have six legs.

3. D. Both A and B
Explanation: As it is mentioned in the passage that the bees live in Africa, Australia, Asia, Europe, North America and South America, option D is correct.

4. C. They use their wings
Explanation: As it is mentioned in the second line they use their wings to fly

5. D. Attack
Explanation: The opposite of defend is attack.

DATE: 25.04.2020 DAY: SATURDAY

I. 1. b. Hidden feelings and thoughts
Explanation: The poet is hiding his feelings and thoughts which act as wall in this poem.

2. c. poet himself
Explanation: As it is written "I build walls", I is the poet here.

3. b. surrender to strong feelings

Explanation: We need walls only for protection, if our feelings and emotions are very strong, we don't need walls.

4. a. walls make one hide one's true feelings.

5. d. they act as a prison and keep loved ones.

GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL

sector -V/ B, B.S.City(Jharkhand)

Assignment (Session 2020-2021)

ANSWER KEY

Date:- 20/4/2020 (Monday)

a . ii)7×10000= 70,000

b . ii)8×1000= 8,000

c . i) smallest 5-digit number= 10000

d . ii)1023479(place 0 at second place , smallest number after 0 at first and rest of the number in ascending order)

e .iii)97432(arrange in descending order)

Date:- 21/4/2020 (Tuesday)

a. ii)6 (10,00,000)

b. ii)54837902+1=54837903

c. i)2752823-1=2752822

d. i)1,00,000=100 thousand (100,000)

e. iii)10,00,000=1million (1,000,000)

Date:- 22/4/2020(Wednesday)

a. i)4,00,00,000+50,00,000+4,00,000+7,000+200+40+3=4,54,07,243

b. ii)1,60,000(for rounding off to the nearest ten thousand, consider the digit at thousand place. It is 2 and 2< 5.So ,there is no change at ten thousand place.))

c. ii) CXXXII= 100+10+10+10+2

$\qquad$ = 132

d. iv) 161=100+50+10+1

$\qquad$ =CLXI

e. iii) XCVIII=(10-100)+8

$\qquad$ =90+8

$\qquad$ =98

Date:- 23/4/2020 (Thursday)

a. iv)8,64,216=8,00,000+60,000+4,000+200+10+6

b. i)74,00,430=70,00,000+4,00,000+400+30

c. ii)D=500

d. i)M=1000

e. ii) successor of a number= number+1

Date:- 24/4/2020 (Friday)

a. i)1,00,00,000 = 1 crore

b. iv) largest 7-digit number = 9999999

c. i)7×1,000,000= 7,000,000

d. i) predecessor of a number= number - 1

e. iii)5×hundred thousand = five hundred thousand

Date:- 25/4/2020 (Saturday)

a. ii)1023479(place 0 at second place , smallest number after 0 at first and arrange rest of number in ascending order)

b. i)87653210(arrange in descending order)

c. iii)20,00,000(For rounding off to the nearest lakh, consider the digit at ten thousand place. It is 7 and 7>5. So, change 1 (the digit at lakh place) to 2.)

d. CLXXXVII=100+50+10+10+10+7

    =187

e. Options are wrong

635=500+100+30+5

    =DCXXXV

GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL

DAILY ASSIGNMENT

ANSWER   KEY   WITH   EXPLANATION

DATE(20.04.2020 TO 25.04.2020)

CLASS-5   SUB-EVS

20.04.2020,MONDAY

1. (b)- habitat

Explanation :The place where an animal lives.

2. (a)- omnivores

Explanation: as human beings eat both plants and animals.

3. (a)-forest

Explanation: A vast region that is covered densely by trees.

4. (b)-ocean

Explanation: A vast and continuous body of salty water.

5. (d)-desert

Explanation: As camels are well-adapted to live in desert

21.04.2020,TUESDAY

1. (b)-ocean

Explanation-as oceans cover 71% of the surface of the Earth.

2. (b)-freshwater

Explanation-as ponds,lakes,rivers etc. are examples of fresh water.

3. (c)-feathers

Explanation: as the body of bird is primarily covered with feathers.

4. (b)-camel

Explanation:as camels have ability to sustain in that environment and also the speed they have while walking.

5. (d)-all of them

Explanation: feathers keep the bird warm and protect them from moisture.They also help birds in flying.

22.04.2020,WEDNESDAY

1. (a)-migration

Explanation: travelling long distances to avoid hardships of winter is known as migration.

2. (a)-bear

Explanation: as it eats both plants and animals

3. (d)-ripples

Explanation:as it is a very small movement on the surface of water not a body covering

4. (c)-camel

Explanation: as it is well –adapted in desert

5. (b)-fun

Explanation:habitats provide food,water and shelter.

23.04.2020,THURSDAY

1. (a)-carnivores

Explanation:as canines help carnivores to tear the flesh

2. (b)-decomposers

Explanation:decomposers are very small organisms that feed on dead and decaying plants and animals.

3. (c)-spiracles

Explanation:since insects do not have lungs,they use spiracles to exchange oxygen and carbon dioxide with the outside air.

4.(c)-gills

Explanation: as gills are feathery organs full of blood vessels,when water passes over the thin walls of the gills,dissolved oxygen moves into the blood and travels to the fish's cells.

5.(b)-amphibian

Explanation: as they live in both on land and in water.

24.04.2020,FRIDAY

1. (b)-flightless bird

Explanation: as it cannot fly.

2. (b)-scales

Explanation: it protects the body of the snake, aids it in locomotion.

3. (b)-ocean

Explanation: as octopus can only live in salty water.

4. (d)-scavengers

Explanation: as it feed on dead and decaying animals.

5.(c)-spiracles

Explanation: as tracheae open to the outside through small holes called spiracles.

25.04.2020,SATURDAY

1. (a)- body surface

Explanation: as they donot have any respiratory organ.

2. (b)-scavengers

Explanation:scavengers break down the organic material and recycle it into the ecosystem as nutrients.

3.(b)-canines

Explanation:canines help the carnivores to tear the flesh.

4.(d)-fur

Explanation:it acts as an insulator and traps heat which makes them feel warm in the extreme cold.

5.(b)-shell

Explanation: to give additional protection.

Daily Basis Assignment (Answers)
Dated-20.04.2020 To 25.04.2020
Subject – Computer

Class – 5

Note: Correct answers of the following Questions are highlighted with parrot green colour and the explanations of the correct options are also given.

Day: Monday
Date: 20.04.2020

i) Computers can
(a) steer your car   (b) bill your purchases   (c) guide missiles   <mark>(d) all of these</mark>
Explanation: Computers can help to steer your car, bill your purchases and guide the missiles too.

ii) Components of a computer system is/are
(a) Hardware   (b) Software   (c) Network   <mark>(d) Both (a) and (b)</mark>
Explanation: Components of a computer system are both hardware and software.

iii) MS Word helps us to
(a) paint   <mark>(b) type documents</mark>   (c) to browse   (d) all of these
Explanation: MS Word is application software that helps us to type documents.

iv) Firmware is a combination of
(a) Hardware   (b) Software   (c) Storage device   <mark>(d) Both (a) and (b)</mark>
Explanation: Firmware is a combination of both the components hardware and software.

v) The set of programs is called a
(a) Document   (b) Information   <mark>(c) Software</mark>   (d) Data
Explanation: The set of programs is called software. The programs that are loaded into the computer memory are called software.

Day: Tuesday
Date: 21.04.2020

i) Computer is an electronic device which receives
(a) output   <mark>(b) input</mark>   (c) process   (d) program
Explanation: Computer is an electronic device which receives data and instructions as input.

ii) What form the input that the computer receives
(a) Data   (b) Program   (c) Document   <mark>(d) Both (a) and (b)</mark>
Explanation: Data and program form the input that the computer receives from the user.

iii) Example of hardware
(a) <mark>Monitor</mark>   (b) Windows   (c) Unix   (d) MS Word
Explanation: The physical parts of the computer which can be seen or touched are called as hardware. Here example of hardware is Monitor.

iv) The component of a computer system that doesn't have physical shape
(a) Hardware   <mark>(b) Software</mark>   (c) Storage device   (d) Both (a) and (b)
Explanation: Software is the component of a computer system that doesn't have physical shape and cannot be touched by us.

v) Programs that are designed to perform specific tasks
   (a) Utility Software   (b) Operating System   (c) System Software   <mark>(d) Application software</mark>
   Explanation: Programs that are designed to perform specific tasks are called as application software.

Day: Wednesday
Date: 22.04.2020
   i) Those actions/operations that a computer performs is called
      (a) Browsing   (b) Analyze   (c) Calculation   <mark>(d) Processing</mark>
      Explanation: Those actions/operations that a computer performs is called processing.

   ii) An example of software is
      (a) floppy disc   (b)CD-ROM   <mark>(c)MS Paint</mark>   (d) All of these
      Explanation: An example of software is MS Paint.

   iii) Collection of facts and figures is called
      (a) Program   (b) Instruction   <mark>(c) Data</mark>   (d) Software
      Explanation: Collection of facts and figures is called is called data.

   iv) A computer finally gives out the information is called as
      (a) Input   <mark>(b) Output</mark>   (c) Process   (d) All of these
      Explanation: A computer finally gives out the information is called as output that is result of processing.

   v) In other words processed data is called
      (a) <mark>Information</mark>   (b) Data   (c) Program   (d) Software
      Explanation: In other words processed data is called information.

Day: Thursday
Date: 23.04.2020
   i) An example of information is
      (a) <mark>Annual sales report of a company</mark>   (b) Monthly salary of an employee
      A student's roll number   (d) All of these
      Explanation: An example of information is annual sales report of a company.

   ii) A computer programmer is an example of
      (a) Firmware   <mark>(b) Liveware</mark>   (c) Developer   (d) Author
      Explanation: A computer programmer is an example of Liveware.

   iii) You cannot start a computer without
      (a) <mark>Application software</mark>   (b) Mouse   (c) Printer   (d) Keyboard
      Explanation: You cannot start a computer without application software.

   iv) Example of firmware
      (a) Floppy Disk   (b) CD-ROM   (c) ICs   <mark>(d) All of these</mark>
      Explanation: Example of firmware all of these – Floppy disk, CD-ROM and ICs.

   v) Example of Application Software
      (a) DOS   <mark>(b) MS Word</mark>   (c) Windows   (d) Unix
      Explanation: Example of Application Software MS Word that helps us to type the documents.

Day: Friday
Date: 24.04.2020
   i) The word 'computer' is derived from the word 'compute' which means to
      (a) Analyze   (b)<mark>Calculate</mark>   (c) Develop   (d) Visualize
      Explanation: The word 'computer' is derived from the word 'compute' which means to calculate.

   ii) Components of computer system works together to _____ a task
      (a) <mark>Execute</mark>   (b) analyze   (c) Develop   (d) Expalin
      Explanation: Components of computer system works together to execute a task.

iii) The programs that are loaded into the computer memory is called
   (a) Application software   (b) Software   (c) Hardware   (d) Liveware
   Explanation: The programs that are loaded into the computer memory is called software.

iv) What does a computer need to perform a task
   (a) Program   (b) Data   (c) Wi-Fi   (d) Instructions
   Explanation: A computer needs instructions by the user to perform a task.

v) Application Software can perform task only when _____ is present in computer
   (a) System Software   (b) Hardware   (c) Firmware   (d) Liveware
   Explanation: Application Software can perform task only when system software is present in computer.

Day: Saturday
Date: 25.04.2020

   i) The people who program, operate or maintain computer system are called
   (a) Developer   (b) Operator   (c) Programmer   (d) Liveware
   Explanation: The people who program, operate or maintain computer system are called Liveware

   ii) It servers link between user and hardware
   (a) Application software   (b) System software   (c) Utility Software   (d) Memory
   Explanation: System software servers link between user and hardware

   iii) Computer can store large volume of
   (a) Documents   (b) Presentation   (c) Information   (d) Liveware
   Explanation: can store large volume of information.

   iv) The computer was designed in
   (a) Twentieth century   (b)Mid-Twentieth century   (c) Twenty first century (d) Ninetieth century
   Explanation: The computer was designed in mid-twentieth century.

   v) Data is processed strictly in accordance with the given
   (a) System Software   (b) Program   (c) Firmware   (d) Command
   Explanation: Data is processed strictly in accordance with the given program.

*************************************END*************************************

नियत कार्य उत्तर पत्रिका

कक्षा - पंचम

उत्तर

दिनांक – 20/04/2020

प्रश्न1) ख) उर्दू और अंग्रेजी के कुछ शब्दों में

ज़ और फ उर्दू से लिए हुए आगत शब्द है इसलिए यह उर्दू और अंग्रेजी के कुछ शब्दों में प्रयुक्त होते हैं ।

प्रश्न2) ग) फ़सल

फ़सल आगत शब्द है इसलिए यह सही होगा ।

प्रश्न3) ग) आगत स्वर

ऑ शब्द को अंग्रेजी भाषा से लिया गया है इसलिए यह आगत वर्ण है ।

प्रश्न4) क) प्रण

प्+र दोनों व्यंजन है इन दोनों व्यंजनों के मेल से प्र शब्द बना इसलिए इसका सही उत्तर प्रण है ।

प्रश्न5) क) छत्तीसगढ़ / झारखंड / बिहार

तेलंगाना तमिलनाडु पंजाब केरल हरियाणा इन जगहों में क्षेत्रीय भाषाओं का प्रयोग होता है, परंतु छत्तीसगढ़ झारखंड और बिहार में लगभग सभी जगहों पर विशेष रुप से हिंदी भाषा का ही प्रयोग होता है इसलिए यह इसका सही उत्तर है ।

दिनांक – 21/04/2020

प्रश्न1) ख) फारसी

सभी भाषाओं की अपनी अपनी लिपि निर्धारित की गई है । उर्दू भाषा को लिखने के लिए फारसी को निर्धारित की गई है

प्रश्न2) ख) ग्यारह

हमारे वर्णमाला में स्वरों की संख्या 11 निर्धारित की गई है इसलिए यह उत्तर सही होगा ।

प्रश्न3) क) पंकज

कमल को पंकज के नाम से भी पुकारा जाता है इसलिए कमल का समानार्थी पंकज होगा ।

प्रश्न4) ग) जलद

जलद का अर्थ बादल होता है, इसलिए यह पानी का समानार्थी नहीं होगा ।

प्रश्न5) घ) चिड़ियाँ

इस स्त्रीलिंग शब्दों के अंत 'इया ' होता है उसमें या के ऊपर ँ लगाकर बहुवचन बनाया जाता है ।

दिनांक – 22/04/2020

प्रश्न1)   क) दो

हमारे व्याकरण में वर्ण के दो भेद बताए गए हैं ।

प्रश्न2)   ख) व्यंजन वर्ण

यह शब्द दो वर्णों के मेल से बने हैं । यह व्यंजन शब्दों की तरह प्रयुक्त होते हैं । इसलिए इन्हें व्यंजन वर्ण भी कहते हैं ।

प्रश्न3)   ख) धूप

छाया शब्द का अर्थ है अंधकारमय वातावरण , इसलिए इसका सटीक विलोम शब्द प्रकाश अर्थात धूप होगा ।

प्रश्न4)   क) बराबर

समान शब्द का अर्थ बराबर होता है इसलिए समान समानार्थी शब्द बराबर होगा ।

प्रश्न5)   ख) वृक्ष , पादप

पेड़ को हम लोग वृक्ष और पादप के नाम से भी पुकारते हैं इसलिए पेड़ का समानार्थी शब्द वृक्ष और पादप होगा ।

दिनांक – 23/04/2020

प्रश्न1)   क) आत्मा

गद्यांश के आधार पर भारत के गांव उसकी आत्मा है ।

प्रश्न2)   ग) भारत की आत्मा गांवों में बसती हैं ।

गद्यांश के आधार पर गाँधी जी के विचार में भारत की आत्मा गाँवों में बसती है ।

प्रश्न3)   घ) गाँव

गद्यांश के आधार पर भारत के प्राचीन सभ्यता और संस्कृति के प्रतीक गाँव है ।

प्रश्न4)   ख) वर्णमाला

वर्णों के लिखने के व्यवस्थित क्रम को वर्णमाला कहा जाता है ।

प्रश्न5)   ग) 48

हमारे वर्णमाला के अनुसार कुल स्वर वर्ण 11, व्यंजन वर्ण 33 संयुक्त वर्ण 4 है, तो कुल वर्णों की संख्या 48 होगी ।

दिनांक – 24/04/2020

प्रश्न1)   ख) हानि

लाभ का अर्थ फायदा होता है तो इसका विलोम नुकसान अर्थात हानि होगा ।

प्रश्न2) ख) प्रश्नवाचक

जब वाक्य में प्रश्न पूछने का संकेत देते हैं ? इस चिन्ह का प्रयोग करते हैं । इसलिए इस चिन्ह को प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह कहते हैं ।

प्रश्न3)   घ) चमकीला

चमक शब्द भाववाचक संज्ञा है । चमकाना और चमका यह क्रिया है । चमकीला शब्द विशेषण है, इसलिए चमकीला सही उत्तर है ।

प्रश्न4)   घ) कौन

अच्छा शब्द विशेषण है, मैं कारक है , है क्रिया होगा और कौन सर्वनाम हो जाएगा ।

प्रश्न5)   ख) पुण्य

वर्तनी के अनुसार प में छोटी उ की मात्रा आधा ण् और य मिल कर यह मिलकर पुण्य शब्द बनता है।

दिनांक – 25/04/2020

प्रश्न1)   ग) मोटा

दिए गए वाक्य में मोटा शब्द लड़के की विशेषता बता रहा है, इसलिए मोटा शब्द विशेषण होगा ।

प्रश्न2)   ख) ने

इस वाक्य में कारक के चिन्ह का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि इस वाक्य में कर्ता महाबली के कार्य को बताया जा रहा है । इसलिए इस वाक्य में ने चिन्ह का प्रयोग होगा ।

प्रश्न3)   ग) भाववाचक

मित्रता शब्द से दोस्ती की भावना व्यक्त होती है इसलिए मित्रता शब्द भाववाचक संज्ञा होगा ।

प्रश्न4)   ग) अभिनेत्री

कुछ पुलिंग शब्दों के अंत में ता लगता है तो उसमें त्री शब्द जोड़कर स्त्रीलिंग शब्द बनाया जाता है । तो अभिनेता का स्त्रीलिंग शब्द अभिनेत्री है ।

प्रश्न5)   ख) सकर्मक क्रिया

जिस वाक्य में कर्म होता है वह वाक्य सकर्मक क्रिया कहलाता है । दिए गए वाक्य में खाना गर्म है इसलिए यह वाक्य सकर्मक क्रिया है ।

प्रथम साप्ताहिक उत्तरपेटिका

सोमवार (20/04/2020)

(1) ग - वर्ण तीन प्रकार के होते हैं - स्वर्ण वर्ण , व्यंजन वर्ण एवं अयोगवाह .

(2) ग - वर्णों के क्रमबद्ध समूह को अयोगवाह कहते हैं।

(3) क – संस्कृत भाषा की लिपि देवनागरी है।

(4) क – संस्कृत मे स्वरवर्णों की संख्या – 13 होती है।

(5) ख - अनुस्वार एवं विसर्ग अयोगवाह कहलाते हैं ।

मंगलवार (21/04/2020)

(1) ग - स्वरों की सहायता से बोले जाने वाले वर्ण व्यंजन वर्ण कहलाते है ।

(2) घ - अन्तस्थ वर्ण चार होते है - य् ,र् ,ल्, व् .

(3) ख - उष्म वर्ण चार होते है - श् ,ष् ,स् , ह् .

(4) ग – भाषा की सबसे छोटी इकाई को वर्ण कहते है .

(5) घ - बिना किसी की सहायता के बोले जाने वाले वर्ण स्वर वर्ण कहलाते है .

बुधवार (22/04/2020)

(1) ख - व्यंजन वर्ण 33 होते है .

(2) घ – स्पर्श व्यंजन 25 होते है .

(3) घ – चवर्ग 5 होते है – च् ,छ् ,ज् ,झ् ,य्.

(4) क – दो व्यंजनों से मिलकर बनने वाले व्यंजन सयुंक्त व्यञ्जन कहलाते है .

(5) ग - जो वर्ण स्वरों एवं व्यंजनों से भिन्न होते है , उन्हें अयोगवाह कहा जाता है .

गुरुवार (23/04/2020)

(1) क - सयुंक्त व्यंजन – क् + श् .

(2) ख – वर्णों को मिलाने की प्रक्रिया को वर्ण संयोजन कहते है . जैसे – र् + आ + म् + अ = राम .

(3) ख - 'व्' अन्तस्थ वर्ण (य् ,र् ,ल् ,व्) है .

(4) क - 'ष्' उष्म वर्ण (श् ,ष् ,स् ,ह्) है .

(5) घ – 'कवर्ग' में पांच – क् ख् ग् घ् ङ वर्ण है.

शुक्रवार (24/04/2020)

(1) क - प्रत्येक वर्ग में पांच वर्ण होते है . जैसे – कवर्ग – क् ख् ग् घ् ङ . इसी प्रकार चवर्ग से पवर्ग भी होगें .

(2) घ – दीर्घ स्वर 8 है. जैसे – आ ई ऊ ए ऐ ओ औ ऋ . परन्तु कक्षा – पांच में 7 ही पढना है .

(3) क - ह्स्व स्वर 5 है - अ इ उ ऋ लृ . परन्तु कक्षा – पांच में चार पढना है.

(4) क – प् + अ + र् + ई + क् + ष् + आ = परीक्षा .

(5) घ - पुस्तकम् = प् + उ + स् + त् + अ + क् + अ + म् .

शनिवार (25/04/2020)

(1)   ख – संस्कृत में हलन्त् का प्रयोग व्यंजनवर्ण मे करते है .जैसे -
      क् , ख् ...... ।

(2) क - अन्तस्थ वर्ण (य् र् ल् व्) है ।

(3) क - व्यंजन वर्ण बिना स्वर वर्ण के उच्चारित नही होते है ।

(4) ख - त् + र् = त्र ।

(5) क – ज् + ञ् = ज्ञ् ।