

# GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL

Sector V / B , Bokaro Steel City

## REMEDIAL ASSIGNMENT FOR CLASS VI (ENGLISH)

### WRITING SECTION

1. You are Ketan the Head Boy of St. Xavier School, Kolkata. The school is organising an Educational Fair. Write a notice to put up in the notice board to inform the students.
2. You are Mahesh/ Manisha, Head Boy/ Head girl of your school. Write a notice to inform the students about forth coming historical tour to Mysore. Give details regarding duration and cost.
3. Write the story in about 80-100 words.
  - a) Once two cats fighting over a slice of bread- clever monkey saw them – said Will divide slice of bread into two equal halves- one part bigger-- other part now smaller – again ate extra bigger part- soon ate the whole slice of bread cats were left with nothing.
  - b) Hardworking wood cutter cutting branches of tree – axe falls into river-- kept crying lay side of river- suddenly river god appeared- got to know problem- showed silver axe- woodcutter said not his- showed gold axe-- wood cutter said not-his finally showed wood cutter wooden axe – woodcutter happy and said it was he—river god happy – rewarded wood cutter.
4. Write a letter to Editor of a newspaper complaining about the problems caused due to improper street lighting in your area.
5. Write a letter to Editor of a local newspaper complaining about reckless driving on the roads.
6. Given below is profile of Mr Randhir Singh the colony milkman. Write a short biographical sketch of Mr Randhir Singh.  
Age- 45 Years, Height/ weight- 6 feet well built, Residence- Village Dapper  
Family- Large two daughters & two sons, Education- Primary school,  
Behaviour - Courteous and disciplined.
7. Given below is profile of Mrs Pratibha Singh, a nurse in Don Bosco School. Write a biographical sketch of Mrs.Pratibha Singh.  
Age- 24 Years, Height/ Weight- Slim 5 feet 2 inches, Residence- School campus,  
Family- Small one son, Education - (B.SC) Nursing, Behaviour- Firm and professional.

### GRAMMAR SECTION

1. Fill in the blanks with correct modal verbs from brackets.
  - i) You \_\_\_\_\_ finish this work today. (must/ need)
  - ii) I \_\_\_\_\_ try to mend it myself. (shall / might)
  - iii) He \_\_\_\_\_ speak English fluently. (can/ may)
  - iv) \_\_\_\_\_ I come in sir? (May/ Can)
  - v) We \_\_\_\_\_ maintain peace at all costs. (should/ would)

2. Write comparative and superlative degree of following.

- (i) Many (ii) Less (iii) Beautiful (iv) Cheap (v) Good  
(vi) Late (vii) ill (viii) Far (ix) Big (x) High

3. Change the following sentences to passive voice.

- i) Children like sweets.  
ii) Mary has stolen my watch.  
iii) They were fighting the last battle.  
iv) We shall pardon her.  
v) The king gave the commander a reward.

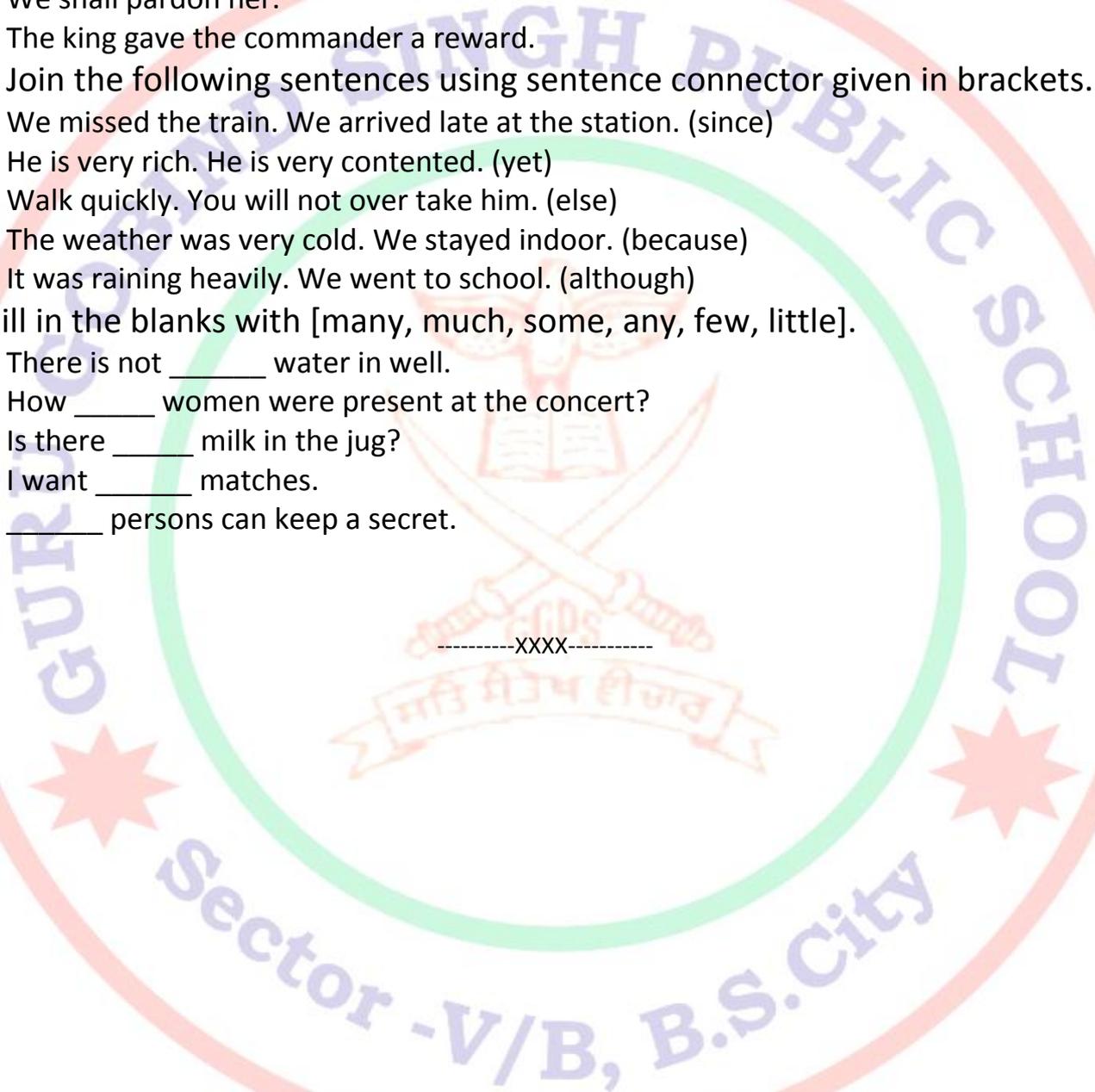
4. Join the following sentences using sentence connector given in brackets.

- i) We missed the train. We arrived late at the station. (since)  
ii) He is very rich. He is very contented. (yet)  
iii) Walk quickly. You will not over take him. (else)  
iv) The weather was very cold. We stayed indoor. (because)  
v) It was raining heavily. We went to school. (although)

6. Fill in the blanks with [many, much, some, any, few, little].

- i) There is not \_\_\_\_\_ water in well.  
ii) How \_\_\_\_\_ women were present at the concert?  
iii) Is there \_\_\_\_\_ milk in the jug?  
iv) I want \_\_\_\_\_ matches.  
v) \_\_\_\_\_ persons can keep a secret.

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# Guru Gobind Singh Public School

Sector- V/B, Bokaro Steel City

Assignment of remedial classes

Class VI

Subject :- Hindi

प्रश्न :1)नीचे दिए गए पद्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें ।

" गाते थे खग सुमधुर स्वर में  
सहसा एक हंस ऊपर से ।"

- क) कौन किसको कहानी सुना रहा है ?
- ख) कॉल सु मधुर स्वर में गाते थे ?
- ग) इस कविता के रचयिता कौन है ?
- घ) इस पद्यांश के पाठ का नाम लिखें ?
- ङ) "खग" का पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें ।

प्रश्न :2)इन निबंधों का अभ्यास करें ।

- क) मदर टेरेसा
- ख) तमिलनाडु
- ग) पुस्तक हमारे साथी

प्रश्न :3)नीचे दिए पत्रों का लिखकर अभ्यास करें:

- क) आपकी नानी जी आपके जन्मदिवस पर नहीं आ सकती किंतु उन्होंने नाना जी के हाथों उपहार भेजा है । अब नानी जी को धन्यवाद देते हुए पत्र लिखें ।
- ख) दूरदर्शन के महानिदेशक को पत्र लिखकर उनसे अधिक से अधिक बाल कार्यक्रम दिखाने का अनुरोध करें ।

प्रश्न :4)दिए गए प्रश्नों को निर्देशानुसार पूरा करो ।

- क) श्यामू भैया.....रस्सी और पतंगमँगाने.....पैसे निकाले थे । ( ने,के लिए ) कारक चिह्न लगाए
- ख) घोड़ा मैदान में खड़ा किया जाए । (वचन बदलकर वाक्य को पुनः लिखें)
- ग) वह एक संत महिला है । (भूतकाल में बदलिए)
- घ) परोपकार। (भाववाचक संज्ञा से विशेषण बनाएं )
- ङ) अहोभाग्य मेरे की.....यहां पधारे । (वह , वे , आप )
- च) विवेकानंद.....भाषण देते रहे । (एकाएक ,लगातार ) उचित क्रियाविशेषण शब्द भरें ।
- छ) विद्वान की पूजा.....होती है । (सर्वत्र,अन्यत्र)
- ज) अरे तुम भी आ गए (उचित विराम चिन्ह लगाकर वाक्य को पुनः लिखें ।)
- झ) राम लक्ष्मण भरत और शत्रुघ्न भाई थे। (उचित विराम चिन्ह लगाकर वाक्य को पुनः लिखें)
- ञ) बाहर.....उधम मचा रहा है ।(सर्वनाम शब्द भरे)

प्रश्न :5)नीचे दिए गए उपसर्ग और प्रत्यय शब्द जोड़कर दो दो शब्द बनाए ।

ता ,वि , आई , भर , इत , ई , सु

प्रश्न:6)नीचे दिए गए शब्दों में उपसर्ग और प्रत्यय शब्द जोड़े ।

जीवन , चतुर , बनावट , मान , आवश्यक

प्रश्न:7)क्रिया विशेषण की परिभाषा उदाहरण सहित लिखें ।

# गुरु गोबिंद सिंह पब्लिक स्कूल

नियत कार्यभार –2019

कक्षा : छः

विषय : संस्कृत

- 1:सः कीदृशः बालकः आसीत् ?  
2:स्वामी विवेकानन्दः कः आसीत्?  
3 प्रश्न : 1) एक शब्द में संस्कृत में उत्तर दीजिए ।  
:कः मन्त्रिषु बुद्धिमान आसीत् ?  
4:पात्रं केन पूरितम् आसीत् ?  
5:आम्रस्य विशालः वृक्षः कुत्र आसीत् ?  
6:प्रातः कस्य प्रकाशः भवति ??

प्रश्न : 2 रेखांकित पदों के आधार पर प्रश्न बनाइए ।

- 1:नरेन्द्रः आकृष्टः अभवत् ।  
2:एतत् तु जलेन पूरितम् एव ।  
3:एका दीर्घा लता अपि आसीत् ।  
4:प्रकाशेन उद्यानस्य शोभा भवति ।  
5:सा बालिका अस्ति ।

प्रश्न : 3 पठ्, खाद्, दृश् का धातु रूप लट् तथा लृट् लकार में लिखिए ।

प्रश्न 4 : निम्न संख्या को संस्कृत में लिखिए ।

12, 15, 16, 13, 7, 20, 6, 11, 9, 5, 1, 30, 10, 18

प्रश्न : 5 निम्न के विपर्यय शब्द लिखिए ।

1: अंतः 2: अग्निः 3: एकः 4: चन्द्रः 5: उपरि, 6: नृपः

प्रश्न : 6 निम्न सूक्तियों का हिन्दी अर्थ लिखिए ।

- 1: विद्या धनं सर्वधनं प्रधानम् ।  
2: सत्यमेव जयते नानृतम् ।  
3: अहिंसा परमो धर्मः ।  
4: लोभः पापस्य कारणम् ।  
5: दश पुत्रः समो वृक्षः ।  
6: अक्रोधेन जयेत् क्रोधम् ।

प्रश्न : 7 निम्न समय को संस्कृत में लिखिए ।

2 : 00, 4 : 15, 11 : 45, 10 : 30

प्रश्न : 8 चित्र वर्णन पुस्तक से ।

प्रश्न : 9 किम् तथा तत् तीनों लिंगों में शब्द रूप याद कीजिए ।

इतिशुभम्

Sector -V/B, B.S.City

# GURUGOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL

SEC – 5 / B, B.S. CITY

## MATHEMATICS ASSIGNMENT

CLASS – 6

SESSION (2019–20)

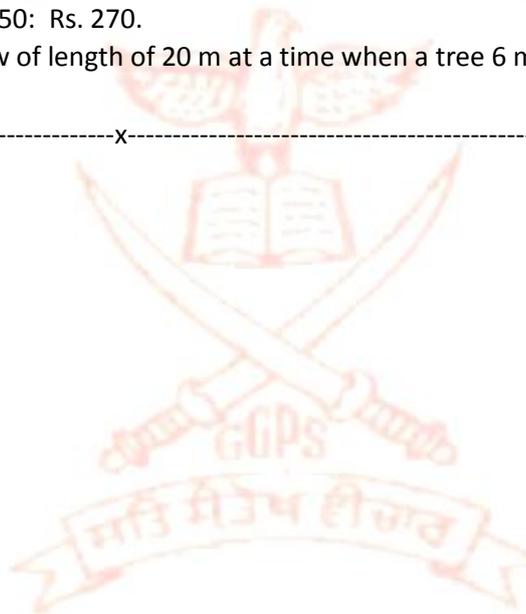
1. Find the simplest form of the given ratio : a ) 24 to 56 b) 4 kg to 750 g
2. Rohit earns RS. 15300 and saves Rs. 12224 per month .Find the ratio of
  - a) His income and saving.
  - b) His income and expenditure.
  - c) His expenditure and saving.
3. Divide Rs. 3450 among A, B and C in the ratio 3 : 5 : 7 .
4. The ratio of the length of a field to its width is 5: 3 . Find its length if width is 42 m.
5. Determine if the given ratio are in proportion:
  - a) 60 ,105 , 84 , 147 b) 7, 42 , 13 , 78
6. Find the value of x : a) 55: 11 :: x : 6                      b) 27 : X :: 63 : 84
7. The 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> terms are 51, 68, and 108. Find the 3<sup>rd</sup> term.
8. Show that 48, 60, 75 are in continued proportion.
9. Verify 30 bags: 18 bags:: Rs. 450: Rs. 270.
10. An electric pole casts a shadow of length of 20 m at a time when a tree 6 m high casts a shadow of length 8 m. Find the height of the pole.

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Sector -V/B, B.S.City



SCHOOL

# Guru Gobind Singh Public School

Sector V/B, Bokaro Steel City

SESSION-2019-20

Class – 6

Sub: Physics Assignment for remedial classes

## A Fill in the blanks

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1. Light travels in \_\_\_\_\_ line.
2. The image which can't be drawn on screen is called \_\_\_\_\_ image.
3. We can see clearly through \_\_\_\_\_ objects.
4. An object which reflects light well is called \_\_\_\_\_.

## B. Define the terms:-

1. Reflection of light
2. Real image

## C. Answer the following questions

1. What are the three things required to observe a shadow?
2. What is meant by luminous object and non luminous object? Give two example of each.

## D. Activity

1. Draw the formation of an image of a bulb in a plane mirror.
2. Draw the diagram to show the working of a periscope.

## A. Fill in the blanks

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is an object which attract things made of iron, nickel and cobalt.
2. Those materials which are attracted by a magnet are called \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Those materials which are not attracted by a magnet are called \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The regions of a magnet where the attraction of magnet is the strongest are called \_\_\_\_\_ of a magnet.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Poles attract each other.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ is an instrument to find the direction at place.

## B. Answer the following questions

1. State two important properties of a magnet.
2. Give two uses of magnet.

## C. Activity

1. Draw figure of different shapes of magnet. (Any three)
2. Draw figure showing proper storage of bar magnets.

**SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY**

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**A. Answer the following question.**

1. Name the animal from which wool is most commonly obtained.
2. Name any two states in India where jute is mainly grown.
3. Name four types of fabrics used by us.
4. What are the two types of fibres? Give two examples of each type of fibres.
5. Name four materials which were used by the people in ancient times to cover themselves.
6. What is evaporation? State one large scale use of the process of Evaporation.
7. How is fine sand separated from larger particles? Explain.
8. How is scrap iron separated from a heap of waste materials in Factories?
9. State five changes which are observed in our everyday life.
10. Give two examples of reversible changes.

**B. Give two differences between the following.**

1. Reversible changes and Irreversible changes.
2. Winnowing and hand-picking.

**C. Fill in the blanks.**

1. Insects can be separated from wheat by .....
2. The method of separating seeds of paddy from stalks is Called.....
3. Salt is obtained from sea-water by the process of .....
4. The process of heating a liquid to form vapour and then Cooling the vapour to get back liquid is called.....
5. A mixture of tea –leaves and iron filings can be separated by.....

**D. Answer in one word.**

1. What name is given to the pure substances present in a mixture?
2. Name the method used to separate the components of a mixture which are in different sizes?

**E. Draw a labelled diagram to show the separation of a mixture by Filtration.**

**1. Answer the following questions:-**

1. Write the main functions of skull.
2. How does an earthworm move?
3. What are the adaptations which make the fish to move in water?
4. What is cartilage? Name some of our body parts where cartilage is found.
5. Give two examples of different types of joints.
6. What is a rib cage? State the functions of rib cage.
7. What are the various ways in which birds are adapted for flying?
8. What is respiration? Why is respiration essential for living organisms?
9. Give any five differences between living things and non-living things.
10. How is potato plants produced?

**2. Differentiate between the following:-**

1. Movement and locomotion.
2. Ligament and tendon.

**3. Fill in the blanks :-**

1. The bones of the elbow are joined by a ..... joint.
2. The contraction of the .....pulls the bones during movement.
3. The upper part of our ear contains.....
4. A combination of bones and cartilages forms the .....of the body.

**4. Activity**

1. Draw the diagram of ribcage and label it.
2. Draw the diagram to show how an earthworm moves .

**5. Give one word answer:**

1. The changes in surrounding to which living things respond.
2. The time period for which an living things remain alive.

**GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL**  
**SECTOR 5-B, B.S. CITY**  
**Remedial Assignments (2019-2020)**  
**Subject –Social Science**  
**[Std. VI]**  
**History & Civics**

**I. Answer in brief**

[1X6=6]

1.) Whom did Alexander appoint to conquer the territories of North India?

Or

Name the four sights of Buddha.

2.) What were ring wells?

3.) Who was Hiuen Tsang?

Or

Give some examples of sculptures from ancient period.

4.) Name the three types of urban local bodies.

Or

What are district sub-division further divided into?

5.) What do you mean by livelihood?

Or

Give two examples of countries, which have a presidential form of government.

6.) Define: (a) nirvana (b) emissaries (c) district (d) entrepreneur (e) society

**II. Answer in short**

[2X8=16]

7.) When was the Kalinga war fought? Why did Ashoka fight this war?

Or

Write any two similarities of Buddhism.

8.) What are the factors which led to the emergence of towns and cities?

9.) Why did Indian rulers try to bring the ports under control?

Or

Mention the main achievements of samudragupta.

10.) Distinguish between: Gandhara and Mathura School of art.

11.) Explain the composition of a Municipal corporation.

12.) What are the functions of district administration?

13.) Why do people from villages migrated to cities?

14.) What are the functions of the organs of a government?

**III. Answer in details**

[3X6=18]

15.) What were the main principles of Ashoka's Dhamma?

Or

According to the Upanishads, how can one attain Moksha?

16.) Write briefly about Arikamedu of South India.

17.) Who were the Satavahanas? Write about the trade during their reign.

Or

Describe the society and trade during the Gupta reign.

18.) What is a Stupa? Describe the features.

Or

Differentiate between Municipal corporation and Municipal committee.

19.) Explain the structure of the Police in a district administration.

20.) Write in detail about three types of farmers in villages.

## Geography

### IV. Answer in brief

[1X3=3]

21.) What is a tableland?

Or

Name the countries of the Indian subcontinent.

22.) What does equable climate mean?

23.) Name the different types of vegetation found in India.

Or

Define: (a) monsoon (b) climate (c) Cartographer (d) delta

### V. Answer in short

[2X4=8]

24.) 'Sunderban is an area of Mangrove swamp' Elaborate this statement with its two main features.

Or

How do the Himalayas act as a climatic barrier?

25.) What is conservation? What has been done by the government in this direction?

Or

What is a Geographic information system?

26.) How are mountains useful to man? Write any two uses.

27.) Differentiate between:

Mountain and Plateau

Or

Evergreen Forest and Deciduous Forest

### VI. Answer in details

[3X3=18]

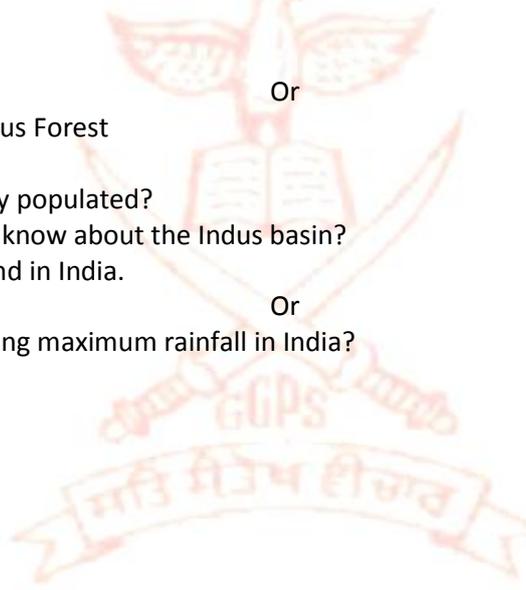
28.) Why are the river plains thickly populated?

29.) What is a basin? What do you know about the Indus basin?

30.) Explain the types of forest found in India.

Or

Why does S. W. Monsoon bring maximum rainfall in India?



Sector -V/B, B.S.City