

# GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL

SECTOR – V, B.S. CITY

ASSIGNMENT – 1(2020-21)

CLASS – V

SUBJECT – COMPUTER

**Note:** *Assignment should be done in separate “Test Copy”. It is compulsory and students must submit on the day school reopens.*

**1) Fill in the blanks:**

- a) Data is a collection of \_\_\_\_\_.
- b) Primary Memory is also known as \_\_\_\_\_ memory.
- c) A group of 8 bits is called a \_\_\_\_\_.
- d) \_\_\_\_\_ is also referred as volatile memory.

**2) State True or False:**

- a) CD is rectangular in shape. ( )
- b) Information refers to raw facts. ( )
- c) RAM holds the data permanently. ( )
- d) Storage of data is measured in multiples of “Bytes”. ( )

**3) Match the Columns:**

- |                             |     |                     |
|-----------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| a) Memory Card              | ( ) | Non Volatile Memory |
| b) RAM                      | ( ) | Circular in Shape   |
| c) Secondary Storage Device | ( ) | Digital Camera      |
| d) CD/DVD                   | ( ) | Primary Memory      |

**4) Expand these Abbreviations:**

- |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| a) BRD | b) DVD | c) ROM | d) RAM |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|

**5) Write short notes on:**

- |              |              |        |        |
|--------------|--------------|--------|--------|
| a) Hard Disk | b) Pen Drive | c) DVD | d) BRD |
|--------------|--------------|--------|--------|

**6) Answer the Following questions:**

- a) What is Primary Memory?
- b) Why RAM is called as Volatile Memory?
- c) What is Secondary Memory?
- d) Draw the colour-diagram of two Secondary Devices



\*\*\*\*\*DO YOUR BEST\*\*\*\*\*

# GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL

SECTOR – V/B, B.S. CITY

## ASSIGNMENT – 1(2020-21)

CLASS – V

SUBJECT – ENGLISH

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**Note:** *Assignment should be done in separate "Thin Copy". It is compulsory and students must submit on the day school reopens.*

### READING SECTION

**Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.**

The ant, as tiny as it is, is a fascinating creature. Despite its size, it is very strong and can carry up to twenty times its weight. Ants are found all over the planet and are usually black or red. Some ants however, are green. Ants do not have ears but they can sense the movement of other creatures and protect themselves.

Adult ants work hard and spend their lives searching for food. They eat what they can and store the rest. In fact, ants have two pairs of jaws. One pair is used to eat and the other pair is used to carry food. After the food is digested in their stomach, these adult ants feed the processed food to the baby ants. Baby ants, called larvae, are unable to digest food themselves and hence need to eat food already been digested by adults.

Ants build ant colonies from sand, mud and clay. These mounds protect them from enemies and from harsh weather conditions. Some ants however dig their way into wood and stay there.

**1. Answer the following questions.**

- a. How do ants carry food?
- b. How are baby ants fed?
- c. List two ways in which ants protect themselves?
- d. List two advantages of ant colonies.

### WRITING SECTION

**2. Write a paragraph on 'My Favourite Hobby'.**

### GRAMMAR SECTION

**Note:** A sentence is a group of words which makes complete sense. Every sentence is made up of two parts :

- The Subject -what /who we speak about.
- The Predicate -what we say about him, her or it.

**3. Circle the subject and underline the predicate in the following sentences.**

- a. Our house is round the corner.

- b. We were very late for the film.
- c. The girl sang well.
- d. The book with the yellow cover is torn.
- e. My right eye is twitching.

**Note: A phrase is a group of word which does not make a complete sense. It needs a subject and a verb to complete the sense.**

**Examples:** in the morning, once upon a time, with my friends

**4. Insert the phrase and rewrite the sentences:**

( on the table, at seven o'clock, behind the house, on their plates, a herd of cattle, in the morning)

- a) It is very pleasant \_\_\_\_\_.
- b) There is a bowl of apple \_\_\_\_\_.
- c) There is a mango tree \_\_\_\_\_.
- d) \_\_\_\_\_ is grazing in the field.
- e) I don't like people wasting food \_\_\_\_\_.
- f) The train will leave \_\_\_\_\_.

**5. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make sentences.**

- a. and/ grandfather/ together/ chess /play/ Rina /her
- b. the /open /please /window
- c. not /John /has /the /reached/ station
- d. drama/ the /will /club /play/ a /put /up

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# Guru Gobind Singh Public School

Sector V-B, B.S.City  
Assignment 2020-2021

Std-V

Subject-EVS

Chapter-1 'The World of Animals'

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I. Define the following terms:

- a. Habitat
- b. Migration
- c. Forest
- d. Ocean

II. Answer the following questions:

- a. What features enable a camel to survive in a hot desert?
- b. What do call the thick layer of fat beneath the fur of polar animals which keeps them warm?
- c. Write the name of three famous deserts of the world?

III. Write short note on:

- a. Carnivores
- b. Herbivores
- c. Omnivores
- d. Scavengers

IV. Name the habitat to which these animals belong:

- a. Penguin, Seal, Polar bear
- b. Swan, Frog, Salamander
- c. Seahorse, Octopus, Whale
- d. Camel, Scorpion, Bandicoot

V. Identify and group the animals by their name, which having fur, scales, feathers and skin as their body coverings.



\*Use a separate copy for answering above.

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# गुरु गोविंद सिंह पब्लिक स्कूल

जनवृत्त 5 वी , बोकारो इस्पात नगर।

## Hindi Assignment

2020 – 2021

नोट :- इन सभी प्रश्नों को विद्यार्थी अपने कक्षा कार्य कॉपी में लिखें ।

Std: 5

प्रश्न 1) कोरोना वायरस से बचाव करने के उपायों को पाँच वाक्य में लिखिए ।

प्रश्न 2) दिए गए शब्दों के दो- दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें :-

क) आकाश    ख) आँख    ग) फूल    घ) जल    इ) हवा

प्रश्न 3 ) दिए गए शब्दों के वचन बदल कर लिखिए :-

क) घडी    ख) पुस्तक    ग) बेटा    घ) चूहा    इ ) गाड़ी

# GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL

sector -V/ B, B.S.City( Jharkhand )

Assignment (Session 2020-2021)

Subject :- Maths

Class :- 5

Chapter:- Numbers

1. Arrange the following numbers in the place value chart.

a) 2146821    b) 63246392    c) 5321342    d) 16266310

2. Write the numeral for the following.

a) Two crore two thousand and twenty

b) Three lakh four thousand two hundred and fifteen

c) Fourteen lakh two thousand and twenty nine

d) One crore and two lakh

## Place value and Face value

Face value= Number it self

Example : Face value of 5 in number 4350087 is 5.

Place value= The place value of a digit depends upon its position it occupies in the number.

Place value = Face value  $\times$  Value of the place

Example : Place value of 5 in number 4350087 is  $5 \times 10000 = 50000$

3) Write the place value and face value of 7 in the following numbers.

a) 374131    b) 2846713    c) 72418    d) 71246392

4) Write the following in the expanded form.

a) 32,68,132    b) 9,68,89,374    c) 9,32,892

## Forming largest and smallest number

For forming largest number, we place the highest digit at the left most place and the others digit in descending order.

For the forming smallest numbers, we place smallest digit at the left most place and write the others digits in ascending order. But we can't put 0 in the first place, so we put it in the second place and next higher number is in the first place.

5) Make the smallest and largest numbers using the given digits without repeating them.

a) 3,2,1,8,4,6    b) 0,3,2,4,6,8,9    c) 3,2,0,4,8,1

6) Arrange in ascending order.

a) 6,94,653 ; 6,46,543 ; 4,64,876

b) 3,45,900 ; 4,65,900 ; 3,54,900

7) Arrange in descending order.

a) 5,89,765 ; 3,76,800 ; 6,87,765

b) 7,98,654 ; 2,98,876 ; 9,87,564

## International system of numeration

Period	Millions			Thousand			Ones		
	Hundred Million	Ten Million	One Million	Hundred Thousand	Ten Thousand	One Thousand	Hundred	Tens	Ones
	100,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	100,000	10,000	1,000	100	10	1

8) Arrange the following numbers in the international place value chart.

a) 72162461      b) 60841294      c) 382184216

9) Write the numeral for the following.

a) Two hundred twenty one million three thousand two hundred seven

b) Five hundred seven million seven hundred one thousand five hundred fifty

c) Seven hundred forty two million seven hundred seven thousand sixty four

### Roman numbers

Roman Numerals	I	V	X	L	C	D	M
Hindu-Arabic Numbers	1	5	10	50	100	500	1000

Rule 1:- A symbol can be repeated a maximum of 3 times.

Eg - II= 1+1=2

V,L,D are never repeated.

Rule 2:- If a symbol of smaller value is written to the right of a symbol of greater value, then the smaller value is added to the larger value .

Eg - XII= 10+2=12

Rule 3:- If a symbol of smaller value is written to the left of a symbol of greater value, then the smaller value subtracted from the larger value.

Eg - CD= 500-100 =400

10) the following in Roman numerals.

a) 96      b) 55      c) 450      d) 650

11) Write the Hindu-Arabic numerals for the following.

a) LXXI      b) DCX      C) XD      D) CLXI

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# गुरु गोबिंद सिंह पब्लिक स्कूल

नियत कार्यभार –2020 –21

विषय : संस्कृत

कक्षा : पंचम्

प्रश्न 1 – वर्ण की परिभाषा तथा भेद उदाहरण सहित लिखें ।

प्रश्न : 2 –रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए ।

क:) वर्णों के क्रमबद्ध समूह को \_\_\_\_\_ कहते हैं ।

ख) संस्कृत भाषा की लिपि \_\_\_\_\_ है ।

ग :स्वर वर्ण की संख्या \_\_\_\_\_ है ।

घ :अनुस्वार तथा विसर्ग \_\_\_\_\_ कहलाते हैं ।

ड : \_\_\_\_\_ अन्तस्थ वर्ण कहलाते हैं।

च : \_\_\_\_\_ उष्म वर्ण हैं।

छ :स्वरों की सहायता से बोले जाने वाले वर्ण \_\_\_\_\_ कहलाते हैं ।

नोट : –सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर कक्षा कार्य कॉपी में लिखें ।